## K. T. S. P. Mandal's

## Hutatma Rajguru Mahavidyalaya , Rajgurunagar Department Of Statistics Teaching Plan Academic Year 2016-17

## Sr.NoClassPaperName of Teacher1F.Y.B.ScDescriptive StatisticsWayal.V.M

Statistical Methods-I

Computer Applications in Statistics

Wayal.V.M

Wayal.V.M

F.Y.B.C.S.

F.Y.B.C.A

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Paper: Descriptive Statistics Class: F.Y.B.Sc

Month	Topic	Subtopic	
July 2016	1.	1.1 Meaning of Statistics as a Science.	
	Introduction	1.2 Importance of Statistics.	
	to	1.3 Scope of Statistics:	
	Statistics	1.4 Statistical organizations in India and their	
		functions:	
		2.1 Types of characteristics:	
	2. Population	2.2 Types of data:	
	<b>and Sample</b> 2.3 Notion of a statistical population		
	_	2.4 Methods of sampling	
August 2016	3. Summary	3.1 Classification	
	Statistics	3.2 Measures of Central Tendency	
		Arithmetic Mean (A.M.), median, mode	
		Partition Values: Quartiles, Deciles and Percentiles	
		Geometric Mean, Harmonic Mean, Weighted Mean	

		3.3 Measures of Dispersion Range, Semi-interquartile range, Mean deviation, Variance and standard deviation, Mean squared deviation coefficient of variation
Sept/Oct 2016	4. Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis	<ul> <li>4.1 Raw moments (m'r) for ungrouped and grouped data</li> <li>4.2 Central moments (mr) for ungrouped and grouped data</li> <li>4.3 Relations between central moments and raw moments, upto 4-th order</li> <li>4.4 Concept of skewness of frequency distribution, positive skewness, negative</li> <li>skewness, symmetric frequency distribution.</li> <li>4.5 Bowley's coefficient of skewness</li> <li>4.6 Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness.</li> <li>4.7 Measures of skewness based on moments (β1,γ1).</li> <li>4.8 Concepts of kurtosis, leptokurtic, mesokurtic and platykurtic frequency distributions.</li> <li>4.9 Measures of kurtosis based on moments (β2,γ2).</li> </ul>
Nov/ Dec	5. Theory of	5.1 Attributes:
2016	Attributes	5.2 Consistency of data upto 2 attributes.
		5.3 Concepts of independence and association of two
		attributes.
		5.4 Yule's coefficient of association (Q), $-1 \le Q \le 1$ , interpretation.
January	6. Correlation	6.1 Bivariate data, Scatter diagram and interpretation.
2017		6.2 Concept of correlation between two variables
		6.3 Covariance between two variables (m11):
		6.4 Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (r)
		6.5 Spearman's rank correlation coefficient:
		compute Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient between
		ranks.
February	7. Linear	7.1 Meaning of regression
2017	Regression	7.2 Simple linear regression model: $Y = a + b X + \epsilon$
	Model	7.3 Concept of residual, plot of residual, coefficient of determination
Feb/Mar	8. Fitting of	8.1 Fitting of line $(Y = a + b X)$ ,
2017	curves to the	8.2 Fitting of second degree curve
	bivariate data	8.3 Fitting of exponential uncorrelatedness of two
	bivarian uata	0.5 1 ftmg of exponential ancorrelatedness of two

Fit	ting of	variables.
cur	rves to the	8.6 Variance of linear combination of variables
biv	ariate data	Var( aX + bY).Correlation coefficient
	_	9.1 Introduction.
9 I	ndex	9.2 Definition and Meaning.
Nu	ımbers	9.3 Problems/considerations in the construction of index
		numbers.
		9.4 Simple and weighted price index
		9.5 Simple and weighted price index
		9.6 Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's Index numbers.
		9.7 Consumer price index number
		(i) family budget method
		(ii) aggregate expenditure method.
		9.8 Shifting of base, splicing, deflating, purchasing power.
		9.9 Description of the BSE sensitivity and similar index
		numbers.

Paper: Statistical Methods-I Class: F.Y.B.C.S

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2016	1.Data	1.1 Raw data, attributes and variables, discrete and
	Condensation	continuous variables.
	and graphical	1.2 Presentation of data using frequency distribution
	methods	and cumulative frequency distribution
		1.3 Graphical presentation of frequency distribution-
		histogram, stem and leaf chart, less than and more than ogive curves.
		1.4 Numerical problems related to real life situations.
	2. Review/ Revision of	2.1 Measures of central tendency: Mean, Mode, Median Examples where each of these is most
	Descriptive Statistics	appropriate
	Statistics	2.2 Partition values: Quariles, Deciles, Percentiles, Box
		plot 2.3 Measures of Dispersion: Variance, Standard deviation, Coefficient of variation

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August 2016	3.Moments	3.1 Raw and central moments
		3.2 Relation between raw and central values upto
		fourth order
		3.3 Numerical problems related moments
		3.1 Concept and definition of a discrete random
		variable.
	4. Measures of	4.1 Concept of symmetric frequency distribution,
	Skewness and	skewness, positive and negative skewness
	Kurtosis	4.2 Measures of skewness- Pearson's measure,
	Discrete Sample	Bowley's measure $(\beta_1, \gamma_1)$
	Space)	4.3 kurtosis of a frequency distribution, Measures of
		kurosis ( $\beta_2$ , $\gamma_2$ ) based upon moments, types of kurtosis:
		$(\beta_1, \gamma_1)$ tokurtic, platykurtic, mesokurtic
		4.5 Numerical problems
Septmber	5. Discrete	5.1 Definition of random variable and discrete random
2016	Random	variable
	Variable	5.2 Definition of probability mass function, distribution
		function and its properties
		5.3 Definition of expectation and variance, theorem on
		expectation
		5.4 Determination of median and mode using p.m.f.
		5.5 Numerical problems
Sept/Oct	6. Standard	6.1 Discrete Uniform Distribution: definition, mean,
2016	Discrete	variance
	Distributions	6.2 Bernoulli Distribution
		6.3 Binomial Distribution
		6.4 Geometric Distribution:
		6.5 Poisson Distribution:
		6.6 Illustration of real life situations
		6.7 Numerical problems
Nov/ Dec	7. Correlation	7.1 Bivariate data, scatter diagram
2016	(for bivariate	7.2 correlation
	raw data)	7.3 Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, limit of r
		7.4 interpretation of r, coefficient of determination,
		Auto correlation
		7.5 Numerical problems
<b>D</b>	0 D .	Q 1 December: - :
Dec	8.Regression	8.1 Regression
2016		8.2 linear Regression

		<ul> <li>8.3 Fitting of straight line using least square method</li> <li>8.4 Properties of Regression coefficients</li> <li>8.5 Non linear Regression: second degree curve,</li> <li>growth curve</li> <li>8.6 Residual plot, mean residual sum of squares</li> <li>8.7 Numerical problems</li> </ul>
Jan/Feb	9. Multiple and	9.1 Yule's notation and concept of multiple regression
2017	partial	9.2 Fitting of multiple Regression plane
	correlation and	9.3 Partial Regression coefficient
	Regression (for	9.4 Multiple correlation coefficient
	trivariate data)	9.5 Partial correlation coefficient
		9.6 Numerical problems
Feb 2017	10. Time Series	10.1 Meaning and utility
		10.2 Component of Time series
		10.3 Additive and Multiplicative models
		10.4 Methods of estimating trend : moving average
		method, least square method and exponential
		smoothing method
		10.5 Elimination of trend using additive and
		multiplicative models
		10.6 Simple time series models
		10.7 Numerical problems

Paper: Computer Applications in Statistics Class: F.Y.B.C.A

Month	Topic	Subtopic
December 2016	1. Methods of counting and Fundamental Principals of Counting	<ol> <li>Principals of counting</li> <li>Permutations and combinations</li> <li>Examples and problems</li> </ol>
	2. Elements of Probability Theory	<ol> <li>Random experiments, sample space, events, algebra of events.</li> <li>Classical definition of probability, addition theorem of probability, Independence of events, Simple numerical problems.</li> </ol>
Jan / Feb 2017	3.Standard Discrete Distributions	1.Disctrete Uniform: Probability Distribution, c.d.f. mean, variance(without proof) 2.Bernoulli: probability distribution, mean, variance 3. Binomial: probability distribution, c.d.f., mean, variance, 4. Examples and problems.
March 2017	4.Simulation Techniques	<ol> <li>Random Number Generator</li> <li>Model sampling from discrete uniform and binomial distributions</li> <li>Monte Carlo Simulation examples and problems.</li> </ol>

Sr.No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.Sc	Discrete Probability and Probability	Shah N.S.
		Distributions	
2	F.Y.B.C.S.	Statistical Methods-II	Shah N.S.

**Paper:** Discrete Probability and Probability Distributions.

Class: F.Y.B.Sc

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2016	1. Review of	1.1 Experiments/Models, Ideas of deterministic and
·	probability,	non-deterministic models.
	conditional	Random Experiment, concept of statistical regularity.
	probability,	1.2 Definitions of - (i) Sample space,
	independence	(ii) Discrete sample space: finite and countable
		infinite, (iii) Event, (iv) Elementary event,
		(v) Complement of an event. (vi) Certain event
		(vii) Impossible event
		1.3 Concept of occurrence of an event.
		1.4 Algebra of events and its representation in set
		theory notation.
		Occurrence of
		following events.
		(i) at least one of the given events,
		(ii) none of the given events,
		(iii) all of the given events,
		(iv) mutually exclusive events,
		(v) mutually exhaustive events,
		(vi) exactly one event out of the given events.
		1.5 Classical definition of probability and its
		limitations.
		1.6 Probability model, probability of an event,
		equiprobable and non-equiprobable sample space,
		1.7 Axiomatic definition of probability.
		1.8 Definition of conditional probability of an event.

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		1.9 Definition of independence of two events $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$ 1.10 Pairwise independence and mutual independence for three events 1.11 Multiplication theorem $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B A)$ . Generalization to $P(A \cap B \cap C)$ .
August 2016	2. Bayes' Theorem	2.1 Partition of the sample space 2.2 Proof of Bayes' theorem. Applications of Bayes' theorem in real life
	3. Univariate Probability Distributions (Defined on Discrete Sample Space)	<ul> <li>3.1 Concept and definition of a discrete random variable.</li> <li>3.2 Probability mass function (p.m.f.) and cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.), F(·) of discrete random variable, properties of c.d.f</li> <li>3.3 Mode and median of a univariate discrete probability distribution</li> </ul>
Septmber 2016	4. Mathematical Expectation (Univariate Random Variable)	<ul> <li>4.1 Definition of expectation (Mean) of a random variable, expectation of a function of a random variable, m.g.f. and c.g.f. Properties of m.g.f and c.g.f.</li> <li>4.2 Definitions of variance, standard deviation (s.d.) and Coefficient of variation (c.v.) of univariate probability distribution, effect of change of origin and scale on mean, variance and s.d.</li> <li>4.3 Definition of raw, central and factorial raw moments of univariate probability</li> <li>Distributions and their interrelations (without proof).</li> <li>4.4 Coefficients of skewness and kurtosis based on moments.</li> </ul>
October 2016	5. Some Standard Discrete Probability Distributions - I	5.1 Degenerate distribution, mean and variance 5.2 Uniform discrete distribution, p.m.f., c.d.f., mean, variance, real life situations, comments on mode and median 5.3 Bernoulli Distribution: p.m.f., mean, variance 5.4 Binomial Distribution: p.m.f., mean, variance

		5.5 Hypergeometric Distribution : p.m.f., Computation
		of probability, situations where this distribution is
		applicable,
		binomial approximation to hypergeometric
		probabilities, mean and variance of
		the distribution
Nov/ Dec	6. Some	6.1 Poisson distribution:
2016	Standard	m.g.f. and c.g.f. Moments, mean, variance, skewness
	Discrete	and kurtosis
	Probability	6.2 Geometric distribution:
	<b>Distributions</b> -	Mean, variance, m.g.f. and c.g.f.
	II	
January	7. Bivariate	7.1 Definition of two-dimensional discrete random
2017	Discrete	variable, its joint p.m.f. and its distribution function
	Probability	and their properties
	Distribution	7.2 Computation of probabilities of events in bivariate
		probability distribution.
		7.3 Concepts of marginal and conditional probability
		distributions.
		7.4 Independence of two discrete random variables
		based on joint and marginal p.m.f.s
		ouses on John and marginar princip
Feb/Mar	8. Mathematical	8.1 Definition of raw and central moments, m.g.f, c.g.f.
2017	Expectation	8.2 Theorems on expectations
2017	(Bivariate	_
	`	.8.3 Conditional expectation.
	Random	8.4 Definitions of conditional mean and conditional
	Variable)	variance.
		8.5 Definition of covariance, coefficient of correlation,
		independence and
		uncorrelatedness of two variables.
		8.6 Variance of linear combination of variables
		Var( aX + bY).Correlation coefficient

Paper: Statistical Methods-II Class: F.Y.B.C.S

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2016	1. Detailed	1.1 Counting Principles, Permutation, and
	Review /	Combination.
	Revision of	1.2 Deterministic and non-determination models.
	Theory of	1.3 Random Experiment, Sample Spaces (finite and
	Probability	countably infinite)
		1.4 Events: types of events, Operations on events.
		1.5 Probability - classical definition, probability
		models, axioms of probability, probability of an event.
		1.6 Theorems of probability (with proof) i) $0 \le P(A) \le P$
		1 ii) $P(A) + P(A') = 1$ iii) $P(A) \le P(B)$ when $A \subseteq B$ iv)
		$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B)$
A 4 201 (	2 Ad	1.7 Numerical problems related to real life situations
August 2016	2. Advanced	2.1Concepts and definitions of conditional probability,
	Theory of Probability	multiplication theorem $P(A \cap B)=P(A).P(B A)$ 2.2 Bayes' theorem (without proof)
	Frobability	2.3 Concept of Posterior probability, problems on
		posterior probability.
		2.4 Definition of sensitivity of a procedure, specificity
		of a procedure. Application of Bayes' theorem to
		design a procedure for false positive and false negative.
		2.5 Concept and definition of independence of two
		events.
		2.6 Numerical problems related to real life situations.
Sept /Oct	3. Continuous	3.1 Definition of continuous random variable (r. v.),
2017	Random	3.2 Probability density function (p.d.f.),
	Variable	3.3 Cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.), its
		properties.
		3.4 Calculation of mean, mode, median, variance,
		standard deviation for continuous r. v.
		3.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations
Dec 201	4.Standard	1.Uniform Distribution: p.d.f., mean, variance, nature
DCC 201	Continuous	of probability curve.
	Continuous	or probability curve.

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	Probability	2. Exponential Distribution: p.d.f., mean, variance,
	Distributions	nature of probability curve, lack of memory property.
		3. Normal Distribution: Statement of p.d.f, nature of
		density curve, standard normal distribution, symmetry,
		computations of probabilities using normal probability
		table, normal approximation to binomial and poisson
		distribution, Central limit theorem, normal probability
		plot.
		4. Pareto Distribution: p.d.f., mean, variance,
		applications
		applications
	5.Concepts and	5. Numerical problems related to real life situations.
	<b>Definitions</b>	2. I talletted problems related to real fire situations.
	Related to	1.Definitions: population, statistics, RSWR,SRSWOR,
	testing of	Random sample, parameter, statistic, standard error of
	Hypothesis	estimator.
	Trypothesis	2. Concepts: null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis,
		critical region, level of significance, type I error, type II
		error, one and two sided tests, p-value.
Jan 2017	6. Large	1. Test for population mean
	Sample Tests	2. Test for equality of two population mean
	- Simple Loses	3. Test for population proportion
		4. Test for equality of population proportion
		5. Numerical problems related to real life situations.
		5. I valuetion problems related to rear me situations.
	7.Test based on	1. One sample test concerning mean
	t-distribution	2. Testing for equality of means of two populations
		3. Paired t-test
		4. Test for significance of correlation coefficient for
		bivariate raw data
		5. Test for significance of regression coefficient for
		bivariate raw data
		5. Numerical problems related to real life situations.
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Feb 2017	8. Test based on	1. chi-square test for goodness of fit
	Chi-square	2. Test for independence of attributes.
	distribution	3. Test for significance of variation for a population.
		4. Numerical problems related to real life situations.
	9.Non	1.Run test
	parametric tests	2. Sign test
		3.Kolmogrov-Smirnov test
		4. Mann-whitney test
		5. Numerical problems related to real life situations.
	10. Simulation	<ul><li>1.Introduction, merits and demerits and pitfall</li><li>2. Psedo-random number generator</li><li>3. Model Sampling from uniform and exponential distribution</li></ul>