

K. T. S. P. Mandal's
Hutatma Rajguru Mahavidyalaya , Rajgurunagar
Department Of Statistics
Teaching Plan
Academic Year 2019-20 Semester I

Sr.No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.Sc	Descriptive Statistics I	Thorat S.R.
2	F.Y.B.Sc	Discrete Probability and Probability Distributions I	Thorat S.R.
3	S.Y.B.Sc	Discrete Probability Distributions, Time series and R software	Thorat S.R.

Paper : Descriptive Statistics I.

Class: F.Y.B.Sc

Month	Topic	Subtopic
June/July 2019	1. Introduction to Statistics 2. Population and Sample 3. Presentation of data	1.1 Meaning of Statistics as a Science. 1.2 Importance of Statistics. 1.3 Scope of Statistics: 1.4 Statistical organizations in India and their functions: 2.1 Types of characteristics: 2.2 Types of data: 2.3 Notion of a statistical population 2.4 Methods of sampling 3.1 Classification 3.2 Frequency Distribution 3.3 Methods of classification 3.4 Cumulative frequencies 3.5 Relative frequency

		<p>3.6 Guidelines for choice of classes</p> <p>3.7 Graphical representation of statistical data</p> <p>3.8 Stem and leaf chart</p> <p>3.9 Data Analysis and interpretation</p>
August 2019	<p>4. Measures of central tendency</p> <p>5. Measures of Dispersion</p>	<p>4.1 Introduction</p> <p>4.2 Objectives of Measures of Central Tendency</p> <p>4.3 Arithmetic Mean (A.M.)</p> <p>4.4 Trimmed mean</p> <p>4.5 Median</p> <p>4.7 Geometric mean</p> <p>4.8 Mode Harmonic mean</p> <p>4.9 Weighted means</p> <p>4.9 Partition values</p> <p>4.10 Box and whisker plot</p> <p>5.1 Introduction</p> <p>5.2 Measures of Dispersion</p> <p>5.3 Range and Coefficient of range</p> <p>5.4 Quartile deviation</p> <p>5.5 Mean deviation and coefficient of mean deviation</p> <p>5.6 Mean square deviation</p> <p>5.7 Variance , standard deviation , coefficient of variation</p>
Sept 2019	<p>6. Moments</p> <p>7. Skewness and Kurtosis</p>	<p>6.1 Raw moments (m'_r) for ungrouped and grouped data</p> <p>6.2 Central moments (m_r) for ungrouped and grouped data</p> <p>6.3 Relations between central moments and raw moments, upto 4-th order</p> <p>7.1 Concept of skewness of frequency distribution, positive skewness, negative skewness, symmetric frequency distribution.</p> <p>7.2 Bowley's coefficient of skewness</p> <p>7.3 Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness.</p> <p>7.4 Measures of skewness based on moments (β_1, γ_1).</p>

<p>Oct 2019</p>	<p>8. Theory of Attributes</p>	<p>7.4 Concepts of kurtosis, leptokurtic, mesokurtic and platykurtic frequency distributions.</p> <p>7.5 Measures of kurtosis based on moments (β_2, γ_2).</p> <p>8.1 Attributes:</p> <p>8.2 Consistency of data upto 2 attributes.</p> <p>8.3 Concepts of independence and association of two attributes.</p> <p>8.4 Yule's coefficient of association (Q), $-1 \leq Q \leq 1$, interpretation.</p>
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		<p>Pairwise independence and mutual independence for three events</p> <p>Multiplication theorem $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B A)$.</p> <p>Generalization to $P(A \cap B \cap C)$.</p>
August 2019	<p>3. Univariate Probability Distributions (Defined on Discrete Sample Space)</p> <p>4. Mathematical Expectation (Univariate Random Variable)</p>	<p>2.2 Partition of the sample space</p> <p>Proof of Bayes' theorem. Applications of Bayes' theorem in real life</p> <p>True Positive, False positive and sensitivity of test as application of Baye's theorem.</p> <p>3.1 Concept and definition of a discrete random variable.</p> <p>3.2 Probability mass function (p.m.f.) and cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.), $F(\cdot)$ of discrete random variable, properties of c.d.f..</p> <p>3.3 Mode and median of a univariate discrete probability distribution</p> <p>4.1 Definition of expectation (Mean) of a random variable, expectation of a function of a random variable, m.g.f. and c.g.f. Properties of m.g.f and c.g.f.</p> <p>4.2 Definitions of variance, standard deviation (s.d.) and Coefficient of variation (c.v.) of univariate probability distribution, effect of change of origin and scale on mean, variance and s.d.</p>
Septmber 2019	5. Some Standard	<p>4.3 Definition of raw, central and factorial raw moments of univariate probability Distributions and their interrelations (without proof).</p> <p>4.4 Coefficients of skewness and kurtosis based on moments.</p> <p>5.1 Degenerate distribution, mean and variance</p> <p>5.2 Uniform discrete distribution, p.m.f., c.d.f., mean,</p>

	Discrete Probability Distributions - I	variance, real life situations, comments on mode and median 5.3 Bernoulli Distribution: p.m.f., mean, variance
October 2019		5.4 Binomial Distribution: p.m.f., mean, variance 5.5 Hypergeometric Distribution : p.m.f., Computation of probability, situations where this distribution is applicable, binomial approximation to hypergeometric probabilities, mean and variance of the distribution

Paper : Discrete Probability Distributions, Time series and R software

Class: S.Y.B.Sc (Sem-I)

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2019	1. Standard Discrete Distributions	<p>1.1 Negative Binomial Distribution: Probability mass function (p. m. f.)</p> <p>Notation: $X \sim NB(k, p)$.</p> <p>Nature of p. m. f., negative binomial distribution as a waiting time distribution, M.G.F., C.G.F., mean, variance, skewness, kurtosis (recurrence relation between moments is not expected). Relation between geometric and negative binomial distribution. Poisson approximation to negative binomial distribution. Real life</p>
August 2019		<p>1.2 Multinomial Distribution: Probability Mass function, Notation use of MGF to obtain means, variances, covariances, total correlation coefficients, multiple and partial correlation coefficients for $k=3$, univariate marginal distribution, distribution of $X_i + X_j$, conditional distribution of X_i given $X_i + X_j = r$, variance – covariance matrix, rank of variance – covariance matrix and its interpretation and real life situations and applications.</p> <p>1.3 Truncated Distributions:</p> <p>Concept of Truncated distribution, truncation to the right, left and on both sides. Binomial distribution $B(n, p)$ left truncated at $X=0$ (value zero is discarded), its p.m.f., mean, variance .</p>

		2.3 Methods of trend estimation and smoothing: (i) moving average, (ii) curve fitting by least square principle, (iii) exponential smoothing.
Oct 2019		<p>2.4 Measurement of seasonal variations :</p> <p>i) simple average method, ii) ratio to moving average method, iii) ratio to trend where trend is calculated by method of least squares.</p> <p>2.5 Choosing parameters for smoothing and forecasting.</p> <p>2.6 Forecasting based on exponential smoothing.</p> <p>2.7 Double exponential smoothing i.e. Holt-Winters method</p> <p>2.8 Fitting of autoregressive model AR (1), plotting of residuals.</p> <p>2.9 Data Analysis of Real Life Time Series:</p>

Prof .Thorat S.R.

Sr.No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.C.S.	Descriptive Statistics-I	Wayal.V.M
2	S.Y.B.Sc (Sem-I)	Continuous Probability Distributions-I	Wayal.V.M
3	F.Y.B.B.A (C.A)	Business Statistics	Wayal.V.M

Paper : Descriptive Statistics-I

Class: F.Y.B.Sc(Computer Science)

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2019	1.Data Condensation and Presentation of data	1.1 Meaning of Statistics as a Science. 1.2 Importance of Statistics. 1.3 Scope of Statistics: 1.4 Data Condensation: Types of data, attributes & variables 1.5. Graphical representation of statistical data Histogram, Ogive curves, Stem and leaf chart
August 2019	2. Descriptive Statistics	2.1 Measures of central tendency 2.2 Objectives of Measures of Central Tendency 2.3 Arithmetic Mean (A.M.) 2.4 Trimmed mean 2.5 Median & mode: Definition, Formula, merits & Demerits, graphical method for computation 2.6 Empirical relation 2.7 Partition values 2.8 Box and whisker plot 2.9 Measures of Dispersion Introduction 2.10 Measures of Dispersion 2.11 Range and Coefficient of range 2.12 Quartile deviation 2.13 Mean deviation and coefficient of mean deviation 2.14 Mean square deviation 2.15 Variance , standard deviation , coefficient of

		variation
Sept 2019	3. Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis	<p>Moments:</p> <p>3.1 Raw moments (m'_r) for ungrouped and grouped data</p> <p>3.2 Central moments (m_r) for ungrouped and grouped data</p> <p>3.3 Relations between central moments and raw moments, upto 4-th order</p> <p>3.4 Concept of skewness of frequency distribution, positive skewness, negative skewness, symmetric frequency distribution.</p> <p>3.5 Bowley's coefficient of skewness</p> <p>3.6 Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness.</p> <p>3.7 Measures of skewness based on moments (β_1, γ_1).</p> <p>3.8 Concepts of kurtosis, leptokurtic, mesokurtic and platykurtic frequency distributions.</p> <p>3.9 Measures of kurtosis based on moments (β_2, γ_2).</p>
Oct 2019	4. Theory of Attributes	<p>4.1 Attributes:</p> <p>4.2 Consistency of data upto 2 attributes.</p> <p>4.3 Concepts of independence and association of two attributes.</p> <p>4.4 Yule's coefficient of association (Q), $-1 \leq Q \leq 1$, interpretation.</p>

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2019	1.Continuous Univariate Distributions:	<p>1.1 Continuous sample space: Definition, illustrations. Continuous random variable: Definition, probability density function (p.d.f.), cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.), properties of c.d.f. (without proof), probabilities of events related to random variable.</p> <p>1.2 Expectation of continuous r.v., expectation of function of r.v. $E[g(X)]$, mean, variance, geometric mean, harmonic mean, raw and central moments, skewness, kurtosis.</p> <p>1.3 Moment generating function(M.G.F.):Definition and properties,cumulant generating function (C. G. F.) : definition, properties.</p> <p>1.4 Mode, median, quartiles.</p> <p>1.5 Probability distribution of function of r. v.: $Y = g(X)$ using i) Jacobian of transformation for $g(.)$ monotonic function and one-to-one, on to functions, ii) Distribution function for $Y = X^2$, $Y = X$ etc., iii) M.G.F. of $g(X)$.</p>
August 2019	2.Continuous Bivariate Distributions:	<p>2.1 Continuous bivariate random vector or variable $b(X, Y)$: Joint p. d. f. , joint c. d. f , properties (without proof), probabilities of events related to r.v. (events in terms of regions bounded by regular curves, circles, straight lines). Marginal and conditional distributions.</p> <p>2.2 Expectation of r.v., expectation of function of r.v. $E[g(X, Y)]$, joint moments, $Cov(X, Y)$, $Corr(X, Y)$, conditional mean, conditional variance, $E[E(X Y = y)] = E(X)$, regression as a conditional expectation.</p> <p>2.3 Independence of r. v. (X, Y) and its extension to k dimensional r. v. Theorems on expectation: i) $E(X + Y) = E(X) + E(Y)$, (ii) $E(XY) = E(X) E(Y)$, if X and Y are independent, generalization to k variables. $E(aX + bY + c)$, $Var(aX + bY + c)$.</p>

		<p>2.4 M.G.F. : $M_{X,Y}(t_1, t_2)$, properties, M.G.F. of marginal distribution of r. v.s., properties</p> <p>$M_{X,Y}(t_1, t_2) = M_X(t_1, 0) M_Y(0, t_2)$, if X and Y are independent r. v.s.,</p> <p>$M_{X+Y}(t) = M_{X,Y}(t, t)$,</p> <p>$M_{X+Y}(t) = M_X(t) M_Y(t)$ if X and Y are independent r.v.s.</p> <p>2.5 Probability distribution of transformation of bivariate</p> <p>$U = f_1(X, Y)$,</p> <p>$V = f_2(X, Y)$.</p>
<p>Septmber 2019</p>	<p>3.Standard Univariate Continuous Distributions:</p>	<p>3.1 Uniform or Rectangular Distribution: Probability density function (p.d.f.) Notation : $X \sim U[a, b]$. p. d. f., sketch of p. d. f., c. d. f., mean, variance, symmetry. Distribution of i) $X - a$, ii) $b - X$, iii) $Y = F(X)$, where $F(X)$ is the c. d. f. of continuous r. v. X. Application of the result to model sampling. (Distributions of $X + Y$, $X - Y$, XY and X/Y are not expected.)</p> <p>3.2 Normal Distribution:</p> <p>p. d. f. curve, identification of scale and location parameters, nature of probability curve, mean, variance, M.G.F., C.G.F., central moments, cumulants, b_1, b_2, g_1, g_2, median, mode, quartiles, mean deviation, additive property, computations of normal probabilities using normal probability integral tables, probability distribution of : i) $X - m$, ii) $aX + b$, iii) $aX + bY + c$, iv) X^2, where X and Y are independent normal variates. Probability distribution of X, the mean of n i. i. d. $N(m, s^2)$ r. v s. Normal probability plot, q-q plot to test normality. Model sampling from Normal distribution using (i)</p>

		<p>Distribution function method and (ii) Box-Muller transformation as an application of simulation. Statement and proof of central limit theorem (CLT) for i. i. d. r. v. s with finite positive variance.(Proof should be using M.G.F.) Its illustration for Poisson and Binomial distributions.</p> <p>3.3 Exponential Distribution:</p> <p>Probability density function (p. d. f.)</p> <p>Nature of p. d. f., density curve, interpretation of a as rate and $1 / a$ as mean, mean, variance, M. G. F., C. G. F., c. d. f., graph of c. d. f., lack of memory property, median, quartiles. Distribution of $\min(X, Y)$ with X, Y i. i. d. exponential r. v. s.</p>
<p>Oct 2019</p>		<p>3.4 Gamma Distribution:</p> <p>Probability density function (p. d. f.)</p> <p>Nature of probability curve, special cases: i) $a = 1$, ii) $l = 1$, M. G. F., C. G. F., moments, cumulants, b_1 , b_2 , g_1, g_2 , mode, additive property. Distribution of sum of n i. i. d. exponential variables. Relation between distribution function of Poisson and Gamma variates.</p>

Month	Topic	Subtopic
July 2019	1. Concept of Statistics	1.1 Meaning of Statistics as a Science. 1.2 Importance of Statistics. 1.3 Scope of Statistics: 1.4 Data Condensation: Types of data, attributes & variables 1.5. Graphical representation of statistical data Histogram, Ogive curves, Cumulative frequency curve
August 2019	2. Measures of central tendency	2.1 Measures of central tendency 2.2 Objectives of Measures of Central Tendency 2.3 Arithmetic Mean (A.M.) 2.4 Trimmed mean 2.5 Median & mode: Definition, Formula, merits & Demerits, graphical method for computation 2.6 Empirical relation 2.7 Partition values 2.8 Box and whisker plot
Sept 2019	3. Measures of Dispersion	Measures of Dispersion Introduction 3.1 Measures of Dispersion 3.2 Range and Coefficient of range 3.3 Quartile deviation 3.4 Mean deviation and coefficient of mean deviation 3.5 Mean square deviation 3.6 Variance , standard deviation , coefficient of variation
Oct 2019	4. Correlation and Regression	4.1 Concept of Correlation 4.2 Types of correlation 4.3 Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation 4.4 Meaning of Regression 4.5 Two regression equations 4.6 Numerical problems.

Sr.No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.C.S.	Mathematical Statistics	Bakare S.M.
2	F.Y.B.Com. (A)	Business Mathematics and Statistics	Bakare S.M.
3	F.Y.B.Com. (B)	Business Mathematics and Statistics	Bakare S.M.

Paper : Mathematical Statistics

Class: F.Y.B.C.S.

Sr. No.	Month	Topic
1	July 2019	3. Population and Sample Definition of Statistics, Scope of Statistics in Economics, Management Science and Industry. Concept of population and sample, methods of data collection: Census and sampling with illustration. Methods of random sampling – SRSWR, SRSWOR, Stratified, Systematic
2	July 2019	4. Measure of Central tendency and Dispersion Frequency distribution: Raw data, attributes and variables, Classification of data, frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution, Histogram and ogive curves.
3	August 2019	Frequency distribution: Raw data, attributes and variables, Classification of data, frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution, Histogram and ogive curves. Requisites of ideal measures of central tendency, Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode for ungrouped and grouped data. Combined mean, Merits and demerits of measures of central tendency, Geometric mean: definition, merits and demerits, Harmonic mean: definition, merits and demerits, Choice of A.M., G.M. and H.M.

4	August 2019	Concept of dispersion, Measures of dispersion: Range, Variance, Standard deviation (SD) for grouped and ungrouped data, combined SD, Measures of relative dispersion: Coefficient of range, coefficient of variation. Examples and problems.
5	September 2019	1. Interest and Annuity Concept of Present value and Future value, Simple interest, Compound interest, Nominal and Effective rate of interest, Examples and Problems Ordinary Annuity, Sinking Fund, Annuity due, Present Value and Future Value of Annuity, Equated Monthly Installments (EMI) by Interest of Reducing Balance and Flat Interest methods, Examples and Problems.
6	October 2019	2. Shares and Mutual Funds Concept of share, face value, market value, dividend, brokerage, equity shares, preferential shares, bonus shares. Examples and Problems Concept of Mutual Funds, Problems on calculation of Net Income after considering entry load, Dividend, Change in Net Asset Value (NAV) and exit load. Averaging of price under the Systematic Investment Plan (S.I.P.). Examples and Problems

Subject Teacher

Bakare S.M

Sr. No.	Month	Topic
1	July 2019	3. Population and Sample Definition of Statistics, Scope of Statistics in Economics, Management Science and Industry. Concept of population and sample, methods of data collection: Census and sampling with illustration. Methods of random sampling – SRSWR, SRSWOR, Stratified, Systematic
2	July 2019	4. Measure of Central tendency and Dispersion Frequency distribution: Raw data, attributes and variables, Classification of data, frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution, Histogram and ogive curves.
3	August 2019	Frequency distribution: Raw data, attributes and variables, Classification of data, frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution, Histogram and ogive curves. Requisites of ideal measures of central tendency, Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode for ungrouped and grouped data. Combined mean, Merits and demerits of measures of central tendency, Geometric mean: definition, merits and demerits, Harmonic mean: definition, merits and demerits, Choice of A.M., G.M. and H.M.
4	August 2019	Concept of dispersion, Measures of dispersion: Range, Variance, Standard deviation (SD) for grouped and ungrouped data, combined SD, Measures of relative dispersion: Coefficient of range, coefficient of variation. Examples and problems.
5	September 2019	1. Interest and Annuity Concept of Present value and Future value, Simple interest, Compound interest, Nominal and Effective rate of interest, Examples and Problems Ordinary Annuity, Sinking Fund, Annuity

		due, Present Value and Future Value of Annuity, Equated Monthly Installments (EMI) by Interest of Reducing Balance and Flat Interest methods, Examples and Problems.
6	October 2019	2. Shares and Mutual Funds Concept of share, face value, market value, dividend, brokerage, equity shares, preferential shares, bonus shares. Examples and Problems Concept of Mutual Funds, Problems on calculation of Net Income after considering entry load, Dividend, Change in Net Asset Value (NAV) and exit load. Averaging of price under the Systematic Investment Plan (S.I.P.). Examples and Problems

Paper - Business Mathematics and Statistics

Class: F.Y.B.Com (A)

Sr. No.	Month	Topic
1	July 2019	3. Population and Sample Definition of Statistics, Scope of Statistics in Economics, Management Science and Industry. Concept of population and sample, methods of data collection: Census and sampling with illustration. Methods of random sampling – SRSWR, SRSWOR, Stratified, Systematic
2	July 2019	4. Measure of Central tendency and Dispersion Frequency distribution: Raw data, attributes and variables, Classification of data, frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution, Histogram and ogive curves.

3	August 2019	<p>Frequency distribution: Raw data, attributes and variables, Classification of data, frequency distribution, cumulative frequency distribution, Histogram and ogive curves.</p> <p>Requisites of ideal measures of central tendency, Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode for ungrouped and grouped data. Combined mean, Merits and demerits of measures of central tendency, Geometric mean: definition, merits and demerits, Harmonic mean: definition, merits and demerits, Choice of A.M., G.M. and H.M.</p>
4	August 2019	<p>Concept of dispersion, Measures of dispersion: Range, Variance, Standard deviation (SD) for grouped and ungrouped data, combined SD, Measures of relative dispersion: Coefficient of range, coefficient of variation. Examples and problems.</p>
5	September 2019	<p>1. Interest and Annuity Concept of Present value and Future value, Simple interest, Compound interest, Nominal and Effective rate of interest, Examples and Problems Ordinary Annuity, Sinking Fund, Annuity due, Present Value and Future Value of Annuity, Equated Monthly Installments (EMI) by Interest of Reducing Balance and Flat Interest methods, Examples and Problems.</p>
6	October 2019	<p>2. Shares and Mutual Funds Concept of share, face value, market value, dividend, brokerage, equity shares, preferential shares, bonus shares. Examples and Problems Concept of Mutual Funds, Problems on calculation of Net Income after considering entry load, Dividend, Change in Net Asset Value (NAV) and exit load. Averaging of price under the Systematic Investment Plan (S.I.P.). Examples and Problems</p>

K. T. S. P. Mandal's
Hutatma Rajguru Mahavidyalaya , Rajgurunagar
Department Of Statistics
Teaching Plan
Academic Year 2019-20 Semester-II

Sr.No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.Sc	Descriptive Statistics II	Thorat S.R.
2	F.Y.B.Sc	Discrete Probability Distributions	Thorat S.R.
3	S.Y.B.Sc	Statistical Methods and use of R Software	Thorat S.R.

Paper : Descriptive Statistics II.

Class: F.Y.B.Sc

Month	Topic	Subtopic
Nov /Dec 2019	1. Correlation	1.1 Bivariate data, Scatter diagram and interpretation. 1.2 Concept of correlation between two variables 1.3 Covariance between two variables (m11) : 1.4 Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (r) 1.5 Spearman's rank correlation coefficient: compute Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient between ranks.
Dec 2019	2. Fitting of Curve (Regression Line)	2.1 Concept of dependent and independent variables. 2.2 Identification of response and predictor variables and relation between them. 2.3 Simple linear regression model: $Y = a + bX + \epsilon$ 2.4 Concept of residual, plot of residual, coefficient of determination

<p>Jan 2020</p>	<p>3. Curve fitting</p>	<p>3.1 Necessity and importance of drawing second degree curve. 3.2 Fitting of second degree curve 3.3 Fitting of exponential Curve of the type $Y=ab^x$ and $Y=aX^b$</p>
<p>Jan/ Feb 2020</p>	<p>4. Index Number</p>	<p>4.1 Introduction. 4.2 Definition and Meaning. 4.3 Problems/considerations in the construction of index numbers. 4.4 Simple and weighted price index 4.5 Simple and weighted price index 4.6 Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's Index numbers. 4.7 Consumer price index number (i) family budget method (ii) aggregate expenditure method. 4.3 Shifting of base, splicing, deflating, purchasing power. 4.4 Description of the BSE sensitivity and similar index numbers.</p>

Month	Topic	Subtopic
<p>Nov/Dec 2019</p>	<p>1. Some Standard Discrete Probability Distributions</p>	<p>1.1 Poisson distribution: m.g.f. and c.g.f. Moments, mean, variance, skewness and kurtosis, Additive Property for Poisson distribution Conditional distribution of X given (X+Y) for Poisson distribution.</p> <p>1.2 Geometric distribution: Mean, variance, m.g.f. and c.g.f. Lack of memory Property.</p>
<p>Dec 2019 / Jan 2020</p>	<p>2. Bivariate Discrete Probability Distribution</p>	<p>2.1 Definition of two-dimensional discrete random variable, its joint p.m.f. and its distribution function and their properties 2.2 Concept of identically distributed random variables. 2.3 Computation of probabilities of events in bivariate probability distribution. 2.4 Concepts of marginal and conditional probability distributions. 2.5 Independence of two discrete random variables based on joint and marginal p.m.f.s</p>
<p>Jan/ Feb 2020</p>	<p>3.Mathematical Expectation (Bivariate Random Variable)</p>	<p>3.1 Definition of raw and central moments, m.g.f, c.g.f. 3.2 Theorems on expectations .3.3 Conditional expectation. 3.4 Definitions of conditional mean and conditional variance. 3.5 Definition of covariance, coefficient of correlation, independence and uncorrelatedness of two variables. 3.6 Variance of linear combination of variables Var(aX + bY).Correlation coefficient</p>

Month	Topic	Subtopic
Dec 2019/ Jan 2020	I) Multiple Linear Regression Model:	<p>Definition of multiple correlation coefficient $R_{Y.XX}$.</p> <p>Derivation of the expression for the multiple correlation coefficient. Properties of multiple correlation coefficient</p> <p>Interpretation of coefficient of multiple determination¹²</p> <p>Definition of partial correlation coefficient</p> <p>Fitting of regression plane of Y on X_1 and X_2 by the method of least squares; obtaining normal equations, solutions of normal equations Residuals : Definition, order, derivation of variance, properties. Definition and interpretation of partial regression coefficients</p> <p>Properties of partial correlation coefficient:</p>
Jan 2020	II) Tests of Hypothesis	<p>Statistics and parameters, statistical inference : problem of estimation and testing of hypothesis. Estimator and estimate. Unbiased estimator (definition and illustrations only). Statistical hypothesis, null and alternative hypothesis, Simple and composite hypothesis, one sided and two sided alternative hypothesis, critical region, type I error, type II error, power of the test, level of significance, p-value. Two sided confidence interval, finding probabilities of type I error and type II error when critical regions are specified .</p> <p>i) Test for population mean equal to specified value</p> <p>ii) Test of equality of two population mean</p> <p>iii) Test for population proportion equal to specified value.</p> <p>iv) Test for equality of two population proportions.</p>
Jan / Feb 2020	III) Tests of Hypothesis using R-Software	<p>Drawing a sample from population using SRSWR, SRSWOR.</p> <p>Tests: Z test, t test, F test and tests for proportions.</p>

	V) Queuing Model	<p>M/M/1: FIFO as an application of exponential distribution, Poisson distribution and geometric distribution : Inter arrival rate , service rate (μ), traffic intensity ,queue discipline probability distribution of number of customers in queue, average queue length, average waiting time in:</p> <p>i) queue, ii) system.</p>
Feb / March 2020	IV) Demography	<p>Vital events, vital statistics, methods of obtaining vital statistics, rates of vital events, sex ratios, dependency ratio.</p> <p>Death/Mortality rates: Crude death rate, specific (age, sex etc.) death rate, standardized death rate (direct and indirect), infant mortality rate.</p> <p>Fertility/Birth rate: Crude birth rate, general fertility rate, specific (age, sex etc.) fertility rates, total fertility rate.</p> <p>Growth/Reproduction rates : Gross reproduction rate, net reproduction rate.</p> <p>Interpretations of different rates, uses and applications. Trends in vital rates as revealed in the latest census.</p>

Thorat S.R.

Sr. No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.Sc (Computer Science)	Methods of applied Statistics (CSST -121)	Wayal.V.M
2	S.Y.B.Sc	Continuous Probability Distributions-I	Wayal.V.M

Paper : Methods of applied Statistics Class: F.Y.BSc (Computer Science).

Month	Topic	Subtopic
Nov/ Dec 2019	1. Correlation (for bivariate raw data)	1.1 Bivariate data, scatter diagram 1.2 correlation 1.3 Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, limit of r 1.4 interpretation of r, coefficient of determination, Auto correlation 1.5 Numerical problems
Dec 2019	2.Regression	2.1 Regression 2.2 linear Regression 2.3 Fitting of straight line using least square method 2.4 Properties of Regression coefficients 2.5 Non linear Regression: second degree curve, growth curve 2.6 Residual plot, mean residual sum of squares 2.7 Numerical problems
Jan/Feb 2020	3. Multiple and partial correlation and Regression (for trivariate data)	3.1 Yule's notation and concept of multiple regression 3.2 Fitting of multiple Regression plane 3.3 Partial Regression coefficient 3.4 Multiple correlation coefficient 3.5 Partial correlation coefficient 3.6 Numerical problems
Feb 2020	4. Time Series	4.1 Meaning and utility 4.2 Component of Time series 4.3 Additive and Multiplicative models 4.4 Methods of estimating trend : moving average method, least square method and exponential

		smoothing method 4.5 Elimination of trend using additive and multiplicative models 4.6 Simple time series models 4.7 Numerical problems
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Paper : Sampling Distributions and Inference Class: S.Y.B.Sc (Sem-II)

Month	Topic	Subtopic
Dec 2019	1. Chi-square Distribution 2. Student's t-distribution	Definition of Chi-square r. v. as sum of squares of i. i. d. standard n normal variables Derivation of p. d. f. of χ^2 with n degrees of freedom (d. f.) using M. G. F., nature of p. d. f. curve, computations of probabilities using tables of distribution. mean, variance, M. G. F., C. G. F., central moments, mode, additive property. Definition of T r. v. with n d. f. Derivation of p. d. f., nature of probability curve, mean, variance, moments, mode, use of tables of t-distribution for calculation of probabilities, statement of normal approximation.
Jan 2020	3. Snedecore's F-distribution: 4. Sampling Distributions:	Definition of F r. v. with n_1 and n_2 d. f. Derivation of p. d. f., nature of probability curve, mean, variance, moments, mode. Distribution of $1/F$ use of tables of F-distribution for calculation of probabilities. Interrelations between Chi-Square, T and F distribution. Random sample from a distribution as i. i. d. r. v.s. Sampling distribution of a statistic. Distribution of sample mean from normal, exponential and gamma distribution, Notion of standard error of a statistic.

		Independence of \bar{X} and S^2
Feb/March 2020	5.Test of Hypothesis:	<p>Tests based on chi-square distribution:</p> <p>Test for independence of two attributes arranged in 2 X2 contingency table. (With Yates' correction).</p> <p>Test for independence of two attributes arranged in r X s contingency table, McNemar's test</p> <p>Test for 'Goodness of Fit'. (Without rounding-off the expected frequencies).</p> <p>d) Test for population variance equal to specified value. when i) mean is known , ii) mean is unknown.</p> <p>Tests based on t-distribution:</p> <p>t-tests for population means : i) one sample and two sample tests for one sided and two sided alternatives. Confidence interval. Paired t-test for one-sided and two-sided alternatives.</p> <p>Test based on F-distribution: Test for equality of two population variance. when i) means are known, ii) means are unknown.</p>

Wayal.V.M

Sr. No	Class	Paper	Name of Teacher
1	F.Y.B.Sc (Computer Science)	Continuous Probability Distributions and Testing of Hypothesis (CSST -122)	Bakare S.M

Sr. No.	Month	Topic	Total Hours Required
1	December	<p>UNIT 1:Standard Continuous Probability Distributions</p> <p>1.1 Uniform Distribution: statement of p.d.f., mean, variance, nature of probability curve. Theorem (without proof): The distribution function of any continuous r.v. if it is invertible follows U(0, 1) distribution</p> <p>1.2 Exponential Distribution: statement of p.d.f. of the form, $f(x) = (1/\theta) e^{-x/\theta}$, mean, variance, nature of probability curve, lack of memory property.(with proof)</p> <p>1.3 Paratodistribution :Form of pdf $f(x):\alpha/ x(\alpha+1) ; x \geq 1, \alpha > 0$. Mean, variance, symmetry, applications</p> <p>1.4 Normal Distribution: statement of p.d.f., identification of parameters,nature of probability density curve, standard normal distribution,symmetry, distribution of $aX+b$, $aX+bY+c$ where X and Y are independent normal</p>	15

		<p>variables, computations of probabilities using normal probability table, normal approximation to binomial and Poisson distribution, central limit theorem (statement only), normal probability plot. Box Muller transformation</p> <p>1.4 Numerical problems related to real life situations..</p>	
2	January	<p>UNIT 2: Concepts and definitions related to testing of hypothesis</p> <p>2.1 Concepts of population and sample.</p> <p>2.2 Definitions: random sample from a probability distribution, parameter, statistic, standard error of estimator.</p> <p>2.3 Concept of null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis (Research hypothesis), critical region, level of significance, type I and type II error, one sided and two sided tests, Test of hypothesis, p-value..</p>	4
3	January	<p>UNIT 3: Parametric Tests</p> <p>1.1 Large Sample Tests</p> <p>3.1.1 $H_0: \mu = \mu_0$ Vs $H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0, \mu < \mu_0, \mu > \mu_0$ (One sided and two sided tests)</p> <p>3.1.2 $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$ Vs $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2, \mu_1 < \mu_2, \mu_1 > \mu_2$ (One sided and two sided tests)</p> <p>3.1.3 $H_0: P = P_0$ Vs $H_1: P \neq P_0, P < P_0, P > P_0$ (One sided and two sided tests)</p> <p>3.1.4 $H_0: P_1 = P_2$ Vs $H_1: P_1 \neq P_2, P_1 < P_2, P_1 > P_2$ (One sided and two sided tests)</p> <p>3.1.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations.</p> <p>3.2 Test based on F- distribution</p> <p>3.2.1 F-test for testing significance of equality of two population variances.</p> <p>3.3 Tests based on t – distribution</p> <p>3.3.1 $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$ Vs $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2, \mu_1 < \mu_2, \mu_1 > \mu_2$</p>	16

		<p>(One sided and two sided tests)</p> <p>3.3.2 Paired t-test.</p> <p>3.4 Tests based on Chi square distribution</p> <p>3.4.1 Chi-square test for goodness of fit</p> <p>3.4.2 Test for independence of attributes (mxn and 2x2)</p> <p>3.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations.</p>	
4	January	<p>UNIT 4 :Simulation</p> <p>4.1 Introduction, concept of simulation , random numbers, pseudo random numbers ,</p> <p>Advantages , Disadvantages of Simulation. Applications</p> <p>4.2 Methods of simulation, Linear congruential generator and simulation from Uniform, Exponential and Normal Distribution.</p>	6