

Total No. of Questions 4]

SEAT No. :

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S.Y.B.Sc.

MATHEMATICS

MT-242 (A): Vector Calculus

(CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (24112A)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Attempt any Five of the following.

Q1) Attempt any Five of the following.

[5]

- a) Evaluate $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} [e^{-t} \cos t \bar{i} + e^{-t} \sin t \bar{j} + e^{-t} \bar{k}]$.
- b) Find the unit tangent vector \bar{T} for the vector function $\bar{r}(t) = (t^2 + 1)\bar{i} + (3 - t)\bar{j} + t^3\bar{k}$.
- c) Evaluate $\int_C 4x^2 ds$, where C is the circle, $\bar{r}(t) = 2 \cos t \bar{i} + 2 \sin t \bar{j}$, $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$.
- d) Find curl \bar{F} , if $\bar{F} = 6x \bar{i} + (2y - y^2)\bar{j} + (6z - x^3)\bar{k}$.
- e) Find the gradient vector field of the function $f(x, y, z) = xy + yz + xz$.
- f) State stoke's Theorem.
- g) If S is the colsed surface enclosing a volume V and $\bar{F} = x\bar{i} + 2y\bar{j} + 3z\bar{k}$,

then evaluate $\iint_S \bar{F} \cdot \bar{n} ds$

Q2) a) Attempt any one of the following:

[5]

- i) Let $\bar{u}(s) = a(s)\bar{i} + b(s)\bar{j} + c(s)\bar{k}$ be a vector function of 's' and that $s = f(t)$ is a differentiable scalar function of 't' then prove that

$$\frac{d}{dt} \bar{u}(s) = \frac{d}{dt} f(t) \frac{d}{ds} \bar{u}(f(t)).$$

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ii) Define line integral of a vector Field, \vec{F} . Evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = 8x^2 yz\vec{i} + 5z\vec{j} - 4xy\vec{k} \text{ and } C \text{ is the curve given by}$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = t\vec{i} + t^2\vec{j} + t^3\vec{k}, 0 \leq t \leq 1.$$

b) Attempt any one of the following: [5]

i) Find the arclength along the curve $\vec{r}(t) = 6\sin 2t\vec{i} + 6\cos 2t\vec{j} + 5t\vec{k}$, From $t = 0$ to $t = \pi$ Also find the unit tangent vector of the curve.

ii) Discuss the continuity of the function

$$\vec{F}(t) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{t^2 - 1}{\ln t} \right) \vec{i} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{t-1}}{t-t} \right) \vec{j} + \tan^{-1}(t) \vec{k}, & \text{if } t \neq 1 \\ 2\vec{i} - \frac{1}{2}\vec{j} + \frac{\pi}{4}\vec{k} & , \text{if } t = 1 \end{cases}$$

Q3) a) Attempt any one of the following: [5]

i) If $f(x, y, z)$ is a differentiable Function and (is a continuous Path joining points A (x_0, y_0, z_0) and B (x_1, y_1, z_1)) then prove that

$$\int_C \nabla f \cdot d\vec{r} = f(B) - f(A)$$

ii) Give Parametrization of a sphere of radius 'a' Find the surface area of sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.

b) Attempt any one of the following: [5]

i) Determine whether the vector field,

$$\vec{F} = (2x^3 y^4 + x)\vec{i} + (2x^4 y^3 + 4)\vec{j} \text{ is conservative and find a potential Function for } \vec{F}.$$

ii) Evaluate $\iint_S y d\sigma$ where S is the portion of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 3$ that lies between $z = 0$ and $z = 6$.

Q4) a) Attempt any one of the following: **[5]**

i) Define curl of a vector Function \vec{F} . Check whether $\vec{F} = 6x\vec{i} + (2y - y^2)\vec{j} + (6z - x^3)\vec{k}$ is conservative vector field.

ii) State Divergence Theorem and using it find the outward Flux of $\vec{F} = (y - x)\vec{i} + (z - y)\vec{j} + (y - x)\vec{k}$ across the solid sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 4$.

b) Attempt any one of the following: **[5]**

i) Using Greens theorem, evaluate $\oint_C (6y + x) dx + (y + 2x) dy$ where C is the circle $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 4$.

ii) Using stoke's Theorem, evaluate $\iint_S \nabla \times \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} d\sigma$, where $\vec{F} = z^2 \vec{i} - 3xy \vec{j} + x^3 y^3 \vec{k}$ and S is the part of $z = 5 - x^2 - y^2$, above the plane $z = 1$. Assume that S is oriented upwards.

